

Audi A3 g-tron

The Audi A3 Sportback g-tron, the brand's first natural gas car to go into production, reveals the sheer depth of the technological expertise of Audi – from ultra lightweight technology through the highly advanced infotainment to the driver assistance systems. It showcases state-of-the-art CNG technology (CNG = compressed natural gas), complete with the fuel storage technology. Its two pressurized tanks beneath the trunk floor each hold around seven kilograms (15.43 lb) of gas; they essentially use the recess for the spare wheel, thus impinging only minimally on the load capacity.

These tanks, which store the gas at a pressure of 200 bar, use the ultra lightweight construction principle of Audi: They weigh 70 percent less than conventional steel bottles, each of them weighing 27 kilograms (59.52 lb) less than an equivalent steel version. Their composition reveals an innovative layout: The inner layer consists of a gas-impermeable polyamide matrix, while a second layer of carbon fiber reinforced polymer (CFRP) gives the tank its extremely high strength; a third layer of glass fiber reinforced polymer (GFRP) provides protection against damage from the outside. Epoxy resin is used to bind the fiber reinforced materials.

A second highlight of the Audi A3 Sportback g-tron is its electronic gas pressure regulator. This compact and lightweight component reduces the high pressure of the gas flowing from the cylinders down to around five to nine bar in two stages. It ensures that the right pressure is always present in the gas rail and at the injector valves – low pressure for efficient driving in the lower speed range, and higher when the driver wants more power and torque.

When the pressure in the tank falls below 10 bar when there remains about 0.6 kilogram (1.32 lb) of gas, the engine management automatically switches to gasoline operation. The Audi A3 Sportback g-tron is designed as a bi-fuel concept. In the NEDC cycle it drives over 400 kilometers (248.55 miles) on gas and a further 900 kilometers (559.23 miles) on gasoline, so its overall range is comparable to a TDI. The driver information system always shows current consumption; two displays in the instrument cluster indicate the tanks' fuel level. The filler pipes for both are located behind the same flap.

After refueling, and whenever it is very cold, the Audi A3 Sportback g-tron is started with gasoline initially, then it is switched over to natural gas as quickly as possible. Its engine is a modified 1.4 TFSI; the cylinder head, turbocharger, injection system and catalytic converter are specifically designed to run on gas. With an output of 81 kW (110 hp) and



200 Nm (147.51 lb-ft) of torque, the compact five-door model accelerates from 0 to 100 km/h (62.14 mph) in less than 11 seconds; it achieves a top speed of more than 190 km/h (118.06 mph).

The Audi A3 Sportback g-tron is the benchmark in its segment for efficiency and economy. Its CO_2 emissions in the exhaust gas remain below 95 grams per km (152.89 g/mile) in the NEDC cycle, and the fuel costs for the customer are around four euros per 100 km (62.14 miles).** Over 100 km (62.14 miles), the compact car uses on average less than 3.5 kilograms (7.72 lb) of natural gas or Audi e-gas – the fuel that is produced in the Audi e-gas project from CO_2 and water using renewable power.**

In operation, these cars do not produce a single gram of CO_2 that has not previously been captured during the e-gas production process.** Even in the comprehensive well-to-wheel calculation, which includes the outlay for building and operating wind turbines and the e-gas plant, the CO_2 equivalents remains to 20 grams per km (48.28 g/mile).**

The A3 Sportback g-tron can fundamentally run on natural gas, the biomethane on sale at certain filling stations, or e-gas. Customers wanting to buy e-gas can sign up for a particular contingent of e-gas for the A3 g-tron at their Audi dealer. This enables them to take part in an accounting process that ensures that the amount of gas that they put in their vehicle at the natural gas filling station has been supplied to the grid by the Audi e-gas plant.

They pay for the e-gas monthly on the basis of a fuel supply agreement. The customer takes this out separately to the lease contract. They pay the CNG price advertised at the filling station by monthly bill for their e-gas card. This serves as an accounting instrument that gives the customer certifiable evidence of the sustainable mobility service they are receiving. It will be accepted at most CNG filling stations throughout Germany – if customers so wish, their navigation system or smartphone will locate these for them. But the A3 Sportback g-tron can of course also be refueled at any other natural gas station, and will then be supplied with natural gas or biomethane like any other natural gas vehicle.

**Figures depend on the tires/wheels used.

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